# > FACT SHEET



**Government of South Australia** Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure

#### September 2015

## **ROAD SAFETY IN THE DISTRICT COUNCIL OF GRANT, 2010-2014**

#### **Road Trauma in South Australia**

The annual number of road deaths and serious injuries is traditionally used as indicator of road safety in South Australia. The South Australian State Strategy has a target to reduce fatalities and serious injuries by 30% by 2020.

There were 108 fatalities recorded on South Australian roads in 2014 this is 11 more than the 97 recorded in 2013, and two more than the previous 5 year average (2009 – 2013) of 106 fatalities. Serious injuries have seen a decrease from 790 in 2013 to 711 in 2014. The previous 5 year average (2009 – 2013) is 928 serious injuries per year.

#### **Road Trauma in the District Council of Grant**



Figure 1 – Number of casualties (fatalities, serious and minor injuries) and casualty crashes, 2005-2014

Year	Casualties				Crashes			
	Fatal	Serious	Minor	Total	Fatal	Serious	Minor	Total
2010	3	8	17	28	3	4	12	19
2011	0	8	28	36	0	7	18	25
2012	1	9	32	42	1	6	23	30
2013	3	6	15	24	3	4	13	20
2014	0	6	13	19	0	4	12	16
Total	7	37	105	149	7	25	78	110

#### Table 1 – Road crashes and casualties by severity, 2010-2014

#### Figure 2 – Number of casualties by age and sex, 2010-2014



- There were a total of 149 casualties for the 5 year period 2010-2014.
- Casualty numbers were high in the younger age groups for males 16-24 years together, representing the highest numbers. (Note that for the 16-19, 20-24 and 25-29 years are 5 year age groups compared to the older ages which are grouped into 10 year age groups).

	0-15	16-19	20-24	25-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70+	Unknown	Total
Driver	0	20	14	10	12	10	10	7	9	1	93
Passenger	8	13	2	0	2	2	3	3	2	2	37
Motor cyclist (including pillion)	0	0	1	1	2	4	3	1	0	0	12
Cyclist	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3
Pedestrian	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	4
Total	11	33	17	12	17	16	17	11	11	4	149

### Table 2 – Casualties by age and type of casualty, 2010-2014

- Like most areas, drivers and passengers (vehicle occupants) make up the majority of road user casualties in the District Council of Grant area.
- Eight of the vehicle occupant casualties were not wearing a seatbelt at the time of the crash.





- 53% percent of driver and rider casualties that occur in the District Council of Grant area are residents of the area.
- 3% of all driver and rider casualties in the District Council of Grant area are residents in the Adelaide Metropolitan area.
- 41% are from other rural areas in South Australia.
- 3% reside interstate.

Figure 4 – Casualty crashes by time of day/day of week, 2010-2014



midnight to 6am = 6am to midday = midday to 6pm = 6pm to midnight

• While crashes can occur at any time, the most common time for a casualty crash to occur in the District Council of Grant area is midday to 6pm on a Saturday.





• The majority of casualty crashes are the result of hitting a fixed object.





• The majority of crashes in the District Council of Grant area occur on roads with 110km/h speed limit.





• 25% of all casualty crashes in the District Council of Grant area occur at intersections, while the remaining 75% occur at 'midblock' sections where there are no intersecting roads.

#### **Distribution of crashes**

The District Council of Grant area represents 21% of all fatal crashes and 13% of all serious injury crashes that occurred in the Limestone Coast.

LGA	Fatal Crashes	Serious crashes	% of Serious casualty crashes	
Naracoorte Lucindale (DC)	4	26	13%	
Kingston (DC)	2	10	5%	
Robe (DC)	1	10	5%	
Tatiara (DC)	7	48	24%	
Mount Gambier (C)	3	25	12%	
Wattle Range (DC)	10	56	28%	
Grant (DC)	7	25	14%	
Total	34	200	100%	

Table 2 – Serious casualt	v crashes percenta	ge by Limestone	Coast LGA.	South Australia.	2010-2014
	y crushes percente	Sc of Ennestone	COUST EG/ ()	50 a ch / (a 5 ch a ha)	

The highest percentage of serious casualty crashes in the Limestone Coast occurred in the District Council of Wattle Range with 28% of crashes occurring there. The district Council of Wattle Range also saw the highest frequency of fatal crashes (29%).

Definitions for crash and casualty types:

Casualty Crash - A crash where <u>at least one</u> fatality, serious injury <u>or</u> minor injury occurs.

**Casualty** – A fatality, serious injury or minor injury.

Fatal Crash - A crash for which there is <u>at least one</u> fatality.

Fatality - A person who dies within 30 days of a crash as a result of injuries sustained in that crash.

Serious Injury Crash - A non-fatal crash in which <u>at least one</u> person is seriously injured.

**Serious Injury** - A person who sustains injuries and is admitted to hospital as a result of a road crash and who does not die as a result of those injuries within 30 days of the crash.

**Minor Injury Crash** - A crash for <u>at least one</u> person sustains injury but no person is admitted to hospital or dies within 30 days of the crash.

**Minor Injury** – A person who sustains injuries requiring medical treatment, either by a doctor or in a hospital, as a result of a road crash and who does not die as a result of those injuries with 30 days of the crash.

Please note that the District Council of Grant includes the following areas:

Allendale East, Blackfellows Caves, Burrungule, Canunda, Cape Douglas, Caroline, Carpenter Rocks, Caveton,

Compton, Dismal Swamp, Donovans, Eight Mile Creek, German Creek, Glenburnie, Kongorong, Mil-Lel,

Mingbool, Moorak, Mount Schank, Nene Valley, O B Flat, Pelican Point, Pleasant Park, Port Macdonnell,

Racecourse Bay, Square Mile, Suttontown, Tantanoola, Tarpeena, Wandilo, Wepar, Worrolong, Wye & Yahl