> FACT SHEET



Government of South Australia Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure

September 2015

ROAD SAFETY IN THE DISTRICT COUNCIL OF ROBE, 2010-2014

Road Trauma in South Australia

The annual number of road deaths and serious injuries is traditionally used as indicator of road safety in South Australia. The South Australian State Strategy has a target to reduce fatalities and serious injuries by 30% by 2020.

There were 108 fatalities recorded on South Australian roads in 2014 this is 11 more than the 97 recorded in 2013, and two more than the previous 5 year average (2009 – 2013) of 106 fatalities. Serious injuries have seen a decrease from 790 in 2013 to 711 in 2014. The previous 5 year average (2009 – 2013) is 928 serious injuries per year.

Road Trauma in the District Council of Robe

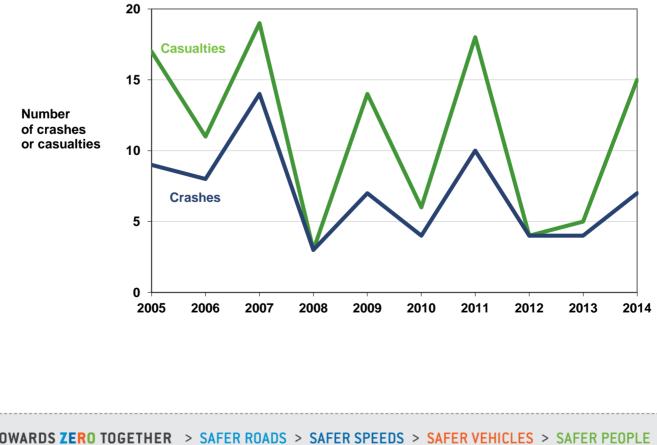
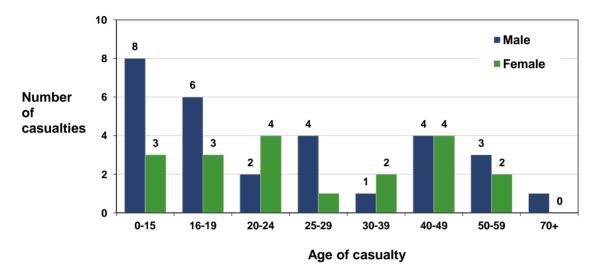


Figure 1 – Number of casualties (fatalities, serious and minor injuries) and casualty crashes, 2005-2014

| Year | Casualties | | | | Crashes | | | | |
|-------|------------|---------|-------|-------|---------|---------|-------|-------|--|
| | Fatal | Serious | Minor | Total | Fatal | Serious | Minor | Total | |
| 2010 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 4 | |
| 2011 | 0 | 4 | 14 | 18 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 10 | |
| 2012 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 | |
| 2013 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 | |
| 2014 | 1 | 2 | 12 | 15 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 7 | |
| Total | 1 | 10 | 37 | 48 | 1 | 10 | 18 | 29 | |

Table 1 – Road crashes and casualties by severity, 2010-2014

Figure 2 – Number of casualties by age and sex, 2010-2014

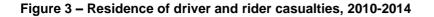


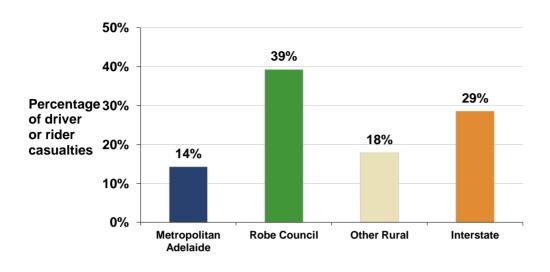
- There were a total of 48 casualties for the 5 year period 2010-2014.
- Casualty numbers were high in the younger age groups for males 16-19 years. (Note that for the 16-19, 20-24 and 25-29 years are 5 year age groups compared to the older ages which are grouped into 10 year age groups).

Table 2 – Casualties by age and type of casualty, 2010-2014

| | 0-15 | 16-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-39 | 40-49 | 50-59 | 70+ | Total |
|--------------------------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-------|
| Driver | 0 | 7 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 24 |
| Passenger | 10 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 18 |
| Motor cyclist (including pillion) | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Cyclist | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 11 | 9 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 8 | 5 | 1 | 48 |

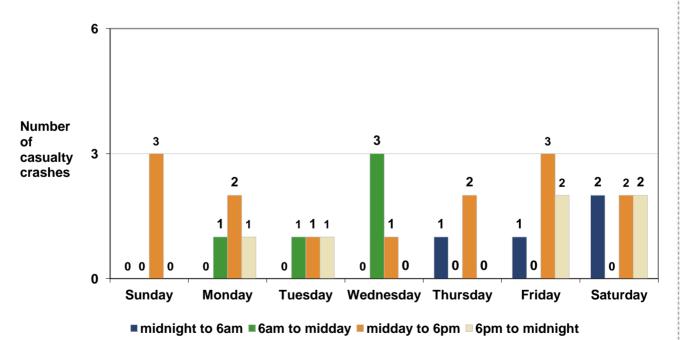
• Like most areas, drivers and passengers (vehicle occupants) make up the majority of road user casualties in the District Council of Robe area.



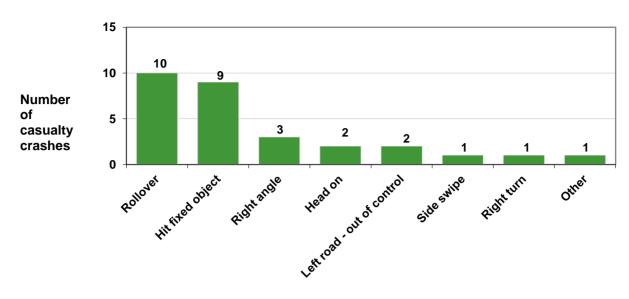


- 39% of driver and rider casualties that occur in the District Council of Robe area are residents of the area.
- 14% of all driver and rider casualties in the District Council of Robe area are residents in the Adelaide Metropolitan area.
- 47% are from other rural areas in South Australia or interstate.

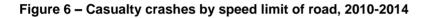


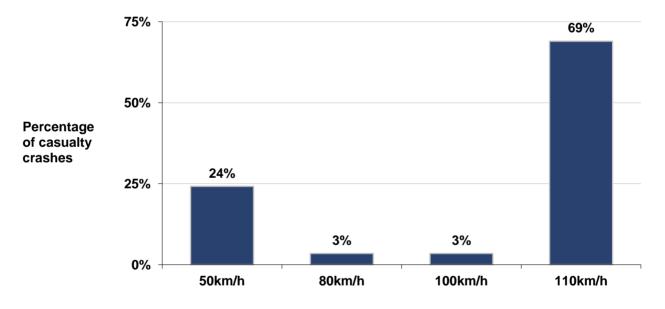




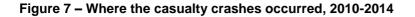


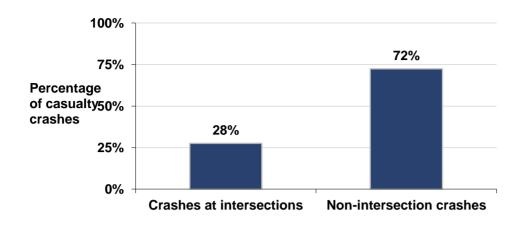
• The majority of casualty crashes are the result of vehicles rolling over or hitting fixed objects.





• The majority of crashes in the City of Mount Gambier area occur on roads with 110km/h speed limit.





• 28% of all casualty crashes in the District Council of Robe area occur at intersections, while the remaining 72% occur at 'midblock' sections where there are no intersecting roads.

Distribution of crashes

The City of Mount Gambier represents 9% of all fatal crashes and 13% of all serious injury crashes that occurred in the Limestone Coast.

Table 2 – Serious casualty crashes percentage by Limestone Coast LGA, South Australia, 2010-2014

| LGA | Fatal Crashes | Serious crashes | % of Serious casualty crashes |
|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Naracoorte Lucindale (DC) | 4 | 26 | 13% |
| Kingston (DC) | 2 | 10 | 5% |
| Robe (DC) | 1 | 10 | 5% |
| Tatiara (DC) | 7 | 48 | 24% |
| Mount Gambier (C) | 3 | 25 | 12% |
| Wattle Range (DC) | 10 | 56 | 28% |
| Grant (DC) | 7 | 25 | 14% |
| Total | 34 | 200 | 100% |

The highest percentage of serious casualty crashes in the Limestone Coast occurred in the District Council of Wattle Range with 28% of crashes occurring there. The district Council of Wattle Range also saw the highest frequency of fatal crashes (29%).

Definitions for crash and casualty types:

Casualty Crash - A crash where <u>at least one</u> fatality, serious injury <u>or</u> minor injury occurs.

Casualty – A fatality, serious injury or minor injury.

Fatal Crash - A crash for which there is <u>at least one</u> fatality.

Fatality - A person who dies within 30 days of a crash as a result of injuries sustained in that crash.

Serious Injury Crash - A non-fatal crash in which <u>at least one</u> person is seriously injured.

Serious Injury - A person who sustains injuries and is admitted to hospital as a result of a road crash and who does not die as a result of those injuries within 30 days of the crash.

Minor Injury Crash - A crash for <u>at least one</u> person sustains injury but no person is admitted to hospital or dies within 30 days of the crash.

Minor Injury – A person who sustains injuries requiring medical treatment, either by a doctor or in a hospital, as a result of a road crash and who does not die as a result of those injuries with 30 days of the crash.

Please note that the District Council of Robe includes the following areas:

Boatswains Point, Bray, Comung, Greenways, Konetta, Lake Eliza, Mount Benson, Noolook Forest, Nora Creina, Robe and Woodleigh